

Observation impact: State of affairs

Matthias Sommer, Martin Weissmann, Tobias Necker

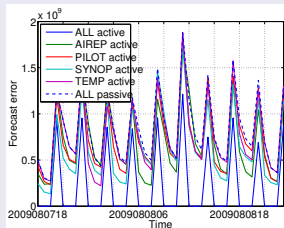
Hans Ertel Centre for Weather Research
Data Assimilation Branch
LMU München

May 16, 2013

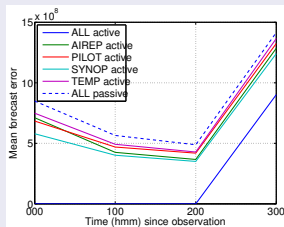


Hans-Ertel-Zentrum für Wetterforschung
Deutscher Wetterdienst



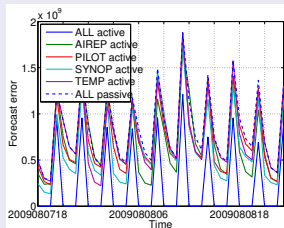


(a) True Forecast Errors

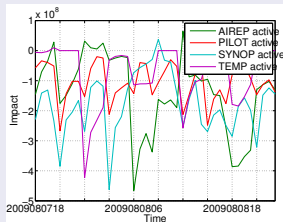


(d) True forecast error

Time series

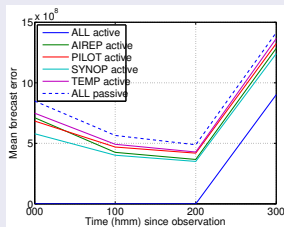


(a) True Forecast Errors

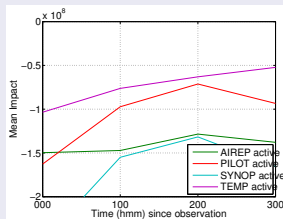


(b) True Impact

Mean

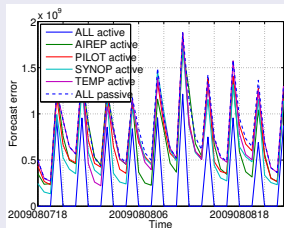


(d) True forecast error

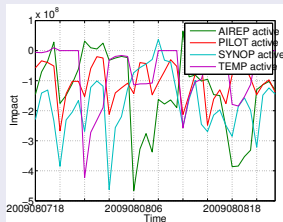


(e) True impact

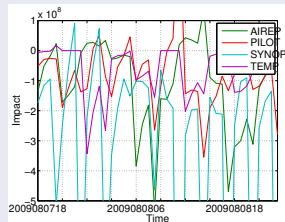
Time series



(a) True Forecast Errors

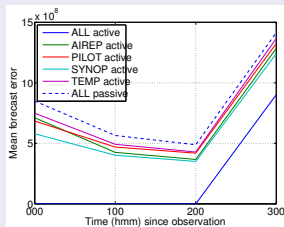


(b) True Impact

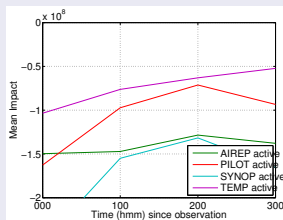


(c) Estimated Impact

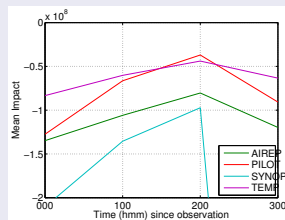
Mean



(d) True forecast error



(e) True impact



(f) Estimated Impact

Before

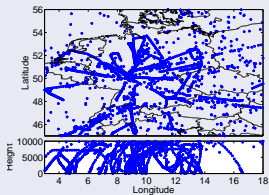
- 1 3h-cycle
- SYNOP impact overestimation
- Impact of main observation classes
- No conclusion about method reliability

Now

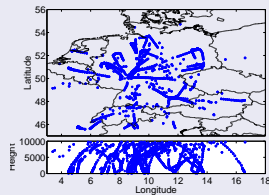
- 10 6h-cycles
- Discarding SYNOP PS, T
- Impact of **any** observation
- Statistical analysis of impact
- Operational analysis as verification
- Method seems reasonably reliable

Observation distribution

AIREP observations

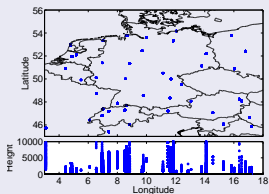


(a) All

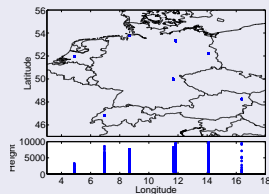


(b) Active

PILOT observations



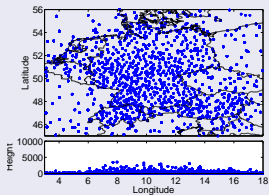
(c) All



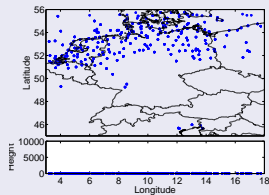
(d) Active

Observation distribution

SYNOP observations

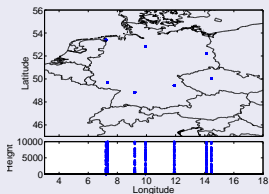


(a) All

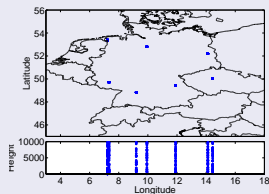


(b) Active

TEMP observations



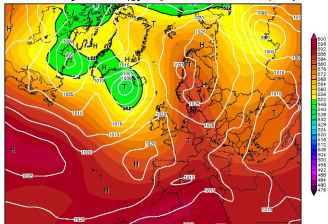
(c) All



(d) Active

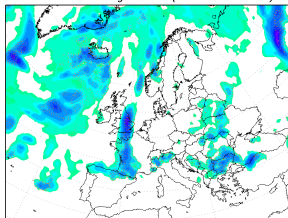
August 7 2009

07AUG2009 00Z
500 hPa Geopotential (gpdm) und Bodendruck (hPa)



Daten: Reanalysis des NCEP
(C) Wetterzentrale
www.wetterzentrale.de

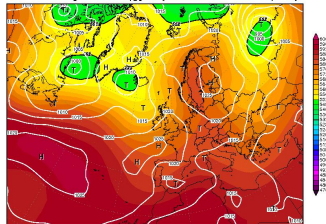
07AUG2009 00Z
T+6h-Niederschlag in mm (rot = Konvektion)



Daten: GFS-Reanalyse
(C) Wetterzentrale
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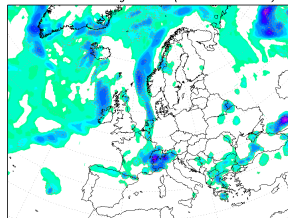
August 8 2009

08AUG2009 00Z
500 hPa Geopotential (gpdm) und Bodendruck (hPa)



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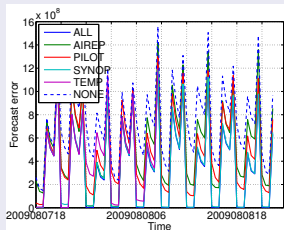
08AUG2009 00Z
T+6h-Niederschlag in mm (rot = Konvektion)



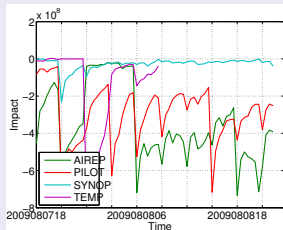
Daten: GFS-Reanalyse
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Total impact (KENDA analysis as verification)

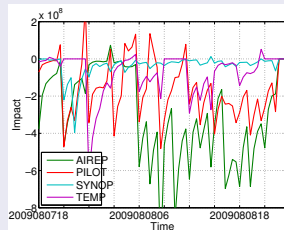
Time series



(a) True Forecast Errors

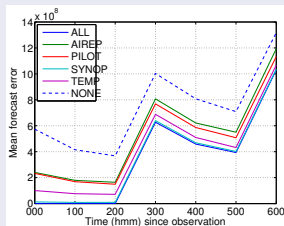


(b) True Impact

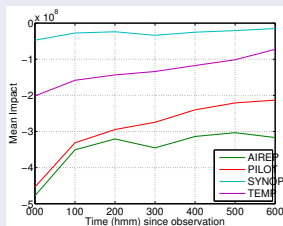


(c) Estimated Impact

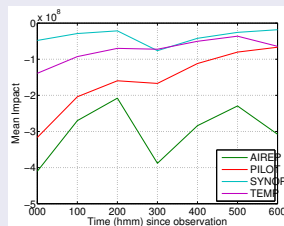
Mean



(d) True forecast error



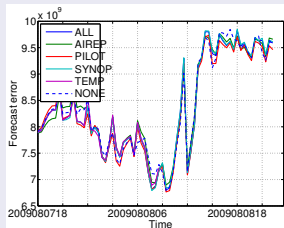
(e) True impact



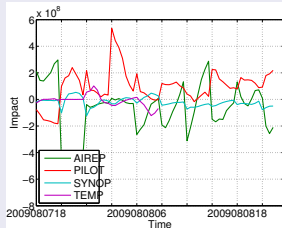
(f) Estimated Impact

Total impact (Operational analysis as verification)

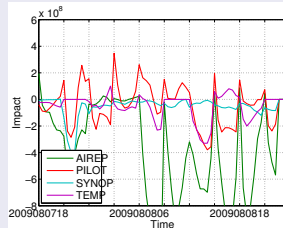
Time series



(a) True Forecast Errors

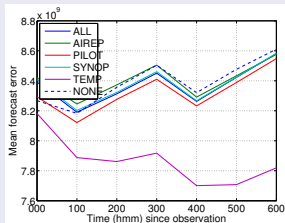


(b) True Impact

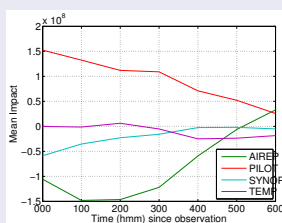


(c) Estimated Impact

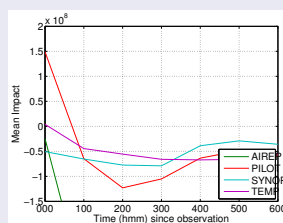
Mean



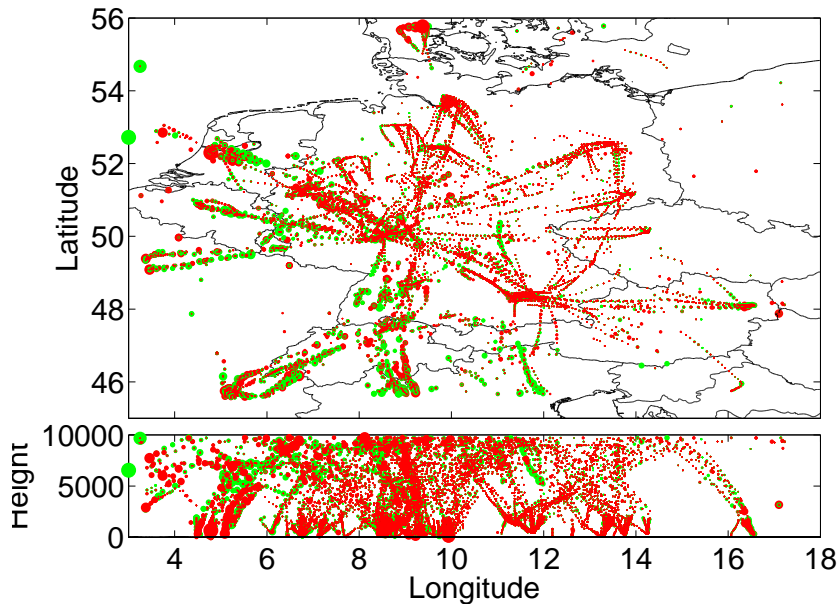
(d) True forecast error

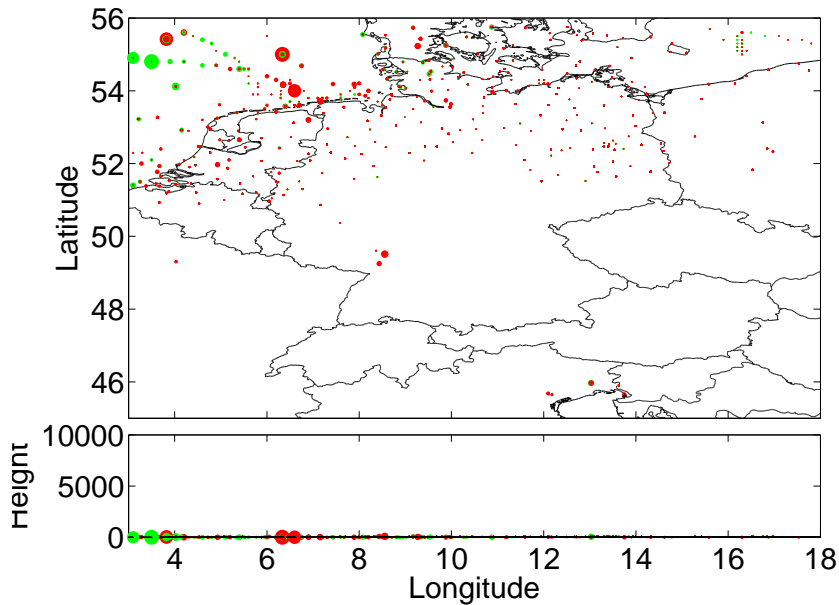


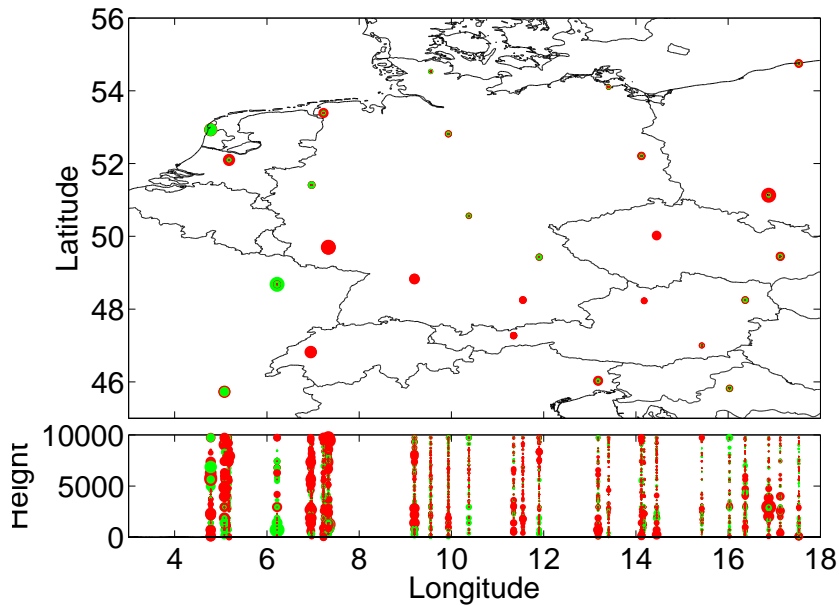
(e) True impact

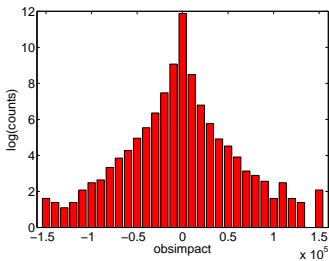


(f) Estimated Impact

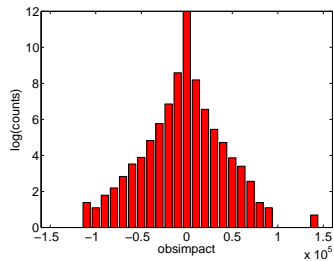




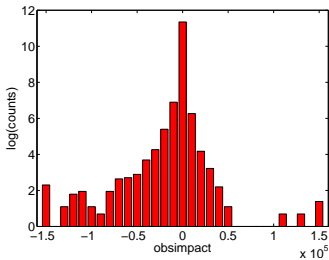




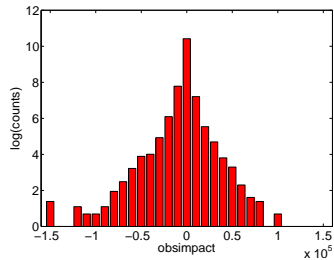
(a) AIREP



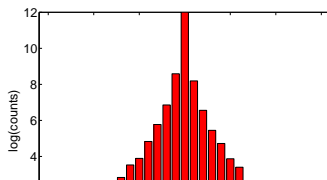
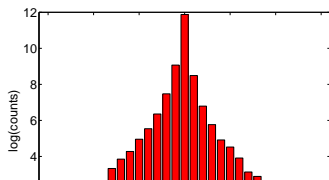
(b) PILOT



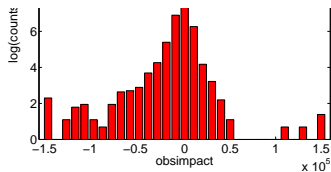
(c) SYNOP



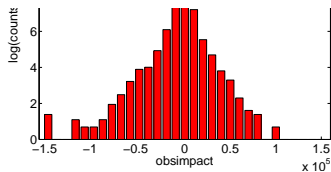
(d) TEMP



	AIREP	PILOT	SYNOPSIS	TEMP
Number of Observations	161957	175025	86840	38402
Neg. Impact [%]	57.64	58.66	53.97	58.56
Pos. Impact [%]	42.36	41.34	46.03	42.44
Total Impact [J]	$-9.6 \cdot 10^7$	$-5.1 \cdot 10^7$	$-2.0 \cdot 10^7$	$-2.5 \cdot 10^7$
Impact Mean [J]	-594.47	-290.39	-230.53	-659.18
Impact Standard Deviation [J]	6491.3	4358.7	4453.9	6774.7



(c) SYNOPSIS



(d) TEMP

Summary

- Omitting SYNOP PS and T observations increases accuracy of method
- Reasonable estimation of observation impact up to 6 hours possible
- Works better for 'small' errors
- Reasonable, though difficult to estimate distribution of impact values

Next steps

- Try to detect unbeneficial observations and verify with data denial experiment
- Compute artificial experiment with wrong observation error
- Recompute with more accurate form of approximation

Linux cluster suggestion

- Let's have a node **exclusively** for running scripts, submitting, compiling etc.
- Use own computer for interactive jobs
- If necessary, reserve one of the lx machines for interactive jobs?